



# SERS-Based Evaluation of the DNA Methylation Pattern Associated With Progression in Clonal Leukemogenesis of Down Syndrome

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Here we show that surface-enhanced Raman scattering (SERS) analysis captures the relative hypomethylation of DNA from patients with acute leukemia associated with Down syndrome (AL-DS) compared with patients diagnosed with transient leukemia associated with Down syndrome (TL-DS), an information inferred from the area under the SERS band at 1005 cm<sup>-1</sup> attributed to 5-methylcytosine. The receiver operating characteristic (ROC) analysis of the area under the SERS band at 1005 cm<sup>-1</sup> yielded an area under the curve (AUC) of 0.77 in differentiating between the AL-DS and TL-DS groups. In addition, we showed that DNA from patients with non-DS myeloproliferative neoplasm (non-DS-MPN) is hypomethylated compared to non-DS-AL, the area under the SERS band at 1005 cm<sup>-1</sup> yielding an AUC of 0.78 in separating between non-DS-MPN and non-DS-AL. Overall, in this study, the area of the 1005 cm<sup>-1</sup> DNA SERS marker band shows a stepwise decrease in DNA global methylation as cells progress from a pre-leukemia to a full-blown acute leukemia, highlighting thus the potential of SERS as an emerging method of analyzing the methylation landscape of DNA in the context of leukemia genesis and progression.

**Keywords:** SERS, down syndrome, acute leukemia, transient leukemia associated with down syndrome, myeloproliferative neoplasm

**Abbreviations:** SERS, surface-enhanced Raman scattering; AL, acute leukemia; AL-DS, acute leukemia associated with down syndrome; TL-DS, transient leukemia associated with down syndrome; MPN, myeloproliferative neoplasm; Non-DS-MPN, non-down syndrome myeloproliferative neoplasm; Non-DS-AL, non-down syndrome acute leukemia.